

Where Did the Olmecs come from Academically?

The Olmecs came from Nuwba in Central Africa and they migrated to America in which they named in their Cushite language, 'Utlá', which means, "vacate." When the Olmecs discovered that there was actually a North Utlá and a South Utlá, the word 'Utlá' became plural which became 'Atlan', which is where the word 'Atlantis' came from. The Olmecs were of a tribe in Africa called 'Dogon' in Mali. When the Dogons migrated to America they also imported the rubber tree which is only indigenous to Africa. The Dogons used the sap from the tree to make shoes, coats, capes, and they were the first to introduce the soles on shoes to the New World. The name 'Olmec' means "Rubber People." The rubber was also used to make large balls for Olmecan ball game ceremonies, which was played in large stone arenas. When Christopher Columbus arrived in the west he states that he saw the natives kicking around a large ball that was made from a type of Acacia. Columbus took some of these trees and balls back to Spain with him. Today, soccer is the favorite national sport in Spain! These Olmecs set up empires and cities that pre-dates even the Inca, Aztec, and Mayans. The Olmecs were not Siberians. The Olmecs were dark skinned, big lips and wide nosed Africans just as they are portrayed in the stone heads.

Lets Look at the Clear Distinctions

1. The step pyramid of the KMT Egyptians closely resembles the step pyramid in America.
2. The Double Crown of Lower and Upper Egypt with the bird and the serpent is also found in Olmec culture with Upper and Lower Egypt being North America and South America.
3. The Mexicans have four calendars. The fourth calendar is identical to the Egyptian calendar.
4. In Mexico, there was found a type of paper made from wood pulp that scientist say can only be found in Egypt.
5. The ceremonial dance of the Hopi Indians is identical to the Dogon's Bado dance of Africa, using the same symbols and spirit names.
6. Various tribes as the Osage and Apache uses the crescent moon symbol which is the national symbol of Angola, Mauritania, Tunisia, Sahara and Algeria, all in Africa

Sources:

The African Truth Exposed

History of the Dogon

The African Holocaust

America Before Columbus Holocaust

They Came before Columbus

Web Source

<https://www.facebook.com/tzaahir/posts/10204744865771891>

