

**A Informational Study Guide of Hebrew from a Alkebulan
(Afrikan) Prospective**

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Purpose & Objective

The purpose of this information guide is to provide the student, adept or anyone else interested in studying or researching Hebrew from a Alkebulan (Afrikan) prospective from various informational resources. This guide is not the overall knowledge or premiss of the study of Hebrew, but a starting point on the quest of seeking knowledge about Hebrew. I would recommend and encourage much more insightful research for the truth using all information at hand and for the student or adept to use their critical thinking for the inquiry of the “How, What, When & Why” analyst.

The object of this guide is to assist the student, adept or anyone in over-standing the major differences of the terms of Hebrew, Israel, Israelite Jew, Judaism, and Zionist. There has been a multitude of mis-education, disinformation and outright confusion regarding those term previously mention and others. We have a plethora of Darker & Copper Hue people referring to themselves as Black Jews, Afrikan Hebrews, Afrikan Israelite, etc. We have Jews who refer to themselves as Ashkenaz & Sephardim. This is not to over shadow the 12 tribes of Israel as mention in the bible.

The other confusing matter politically is over-standing whom are the so called Israeli who are the Khazars that are currently occupying the land of Palestinian also know as the land of Philistines from the biblical prospective.

Hopefully, this information guide will help to clarified any misunderstanding for those whom are willing to learn the culture, linguistic, political, religion, spiritual and the real true story of the Hebrew overall.

Although this information guide focus mainly is on a Alkebulan prospective, the information references and web sites present will also include information from European resources as well.

I would recommend that the student or adept seek out using hardcopy or softcopy resources like books, dictionaries, etymology references or other resources which were publish in the 1930's or older. Used bookstores are great for finding the older reference materials.

In closing, you have free will to update this document in anyway to assist your efforts in your research & study of Hebrew. If you feel that this would be a benefit for others it is a open source document for that purpose to be shared.

Etymology & Terminology

Urban Dictionary

Black Israelite

1. A crazed person of African descent convinced that (s)he descended from the ancient tribes of Israel.
2. Someone who will approach you if you're Jewish, asking what tribe you're from, after which you will regret ever responding if you answer him.
3. A hilarious lunatic who delights people all around campus with his antics.

Web Source: <http://www.urbandictionary.com/define.php?term=Black+Israelite>

Zionist

1. A person Jewish or non-Jewish, who, by some action, supports the State of Israel.
2. A substitute word for 'jew' used by anti-semites who, for whatever reason, wish to hide their racist intent.

Web Source: <http://www.urbandictionary.com/define.php?term=Zionist>

Zionism

The mainly European political movement started by Austrian journalist Theodor Herzl (1860-1904) who concluded that the only way to end Jewish suffering was to create a home in Palestine (then with a population of about 500,000).

Lasting from the first Zionist congress in the Swiss city of Basle in 1879 to 1948 with the official creation of the state of Israel.

After covering the Dreyfus affair and witnessing anti-Semitism in France he wrote *Der Judenstaat* (The Jewish State) and then *Altneuland* (The Old New Land). They outline his philosophy and reasoning behind wanting to create a national home for the Jews. Both of these texts are free to download online.

Web Source: <http://www.urbandictionary.com/define.php?term=Zionism>

Etymology Dictionary

Web Source: <http://www.etymonline.com/>

anti- - word-forming element meaning "against, opposed to, opposite of, instead," from Old French anti- and directly from Latin anti-, from Greek anti "against, opposite, instead of," also used as a prefix, from PIE *anti- "against," also "in front of" (see **ante**). It appears in some words in Middle English but was not commonly used in word formations until modern times.

anti-Semitism (n.) - also antisemitism, 1881, from German Antisemitismus, first used by Wilhelm Marr (1819-1904) German radical, nationalist and race-agitator, who founded the

Antisemiten-Liga in 1879; see [anti-](#) + [Semite](#).

Ashkenazim (n.) - (plural) "central and northern European Jews" (as opposed to Sephardim, Jews of Spain and Portugal), 1839, from Hebrew Ashkenazzim, plural of Ashkenaz, eldest son of Gomer (Gen. x:3), also the name of a people mentioned in Jer. li:27 (perhaps akin to Greek skythoi "Scythians," compare Akkadian ishkuza); identified historically with various people; in Middle Ages, with the Germans.

Asiatic (adj.) - 1630s, from Latin Asiaticus (surname of Latin Corn. Scipio), from Greek Asiatikos, from Asia (see [Asia](#); also compare Asian). As a noun, by 1763. In ancient Rome, Asiatici oratores was florid and overly ornate prose.

Cabbala (n.) - 1520s, from Medieval Latin cabbala, from Mishnaic Hebrew qabbalah "reception, received lore, tradition," especially "tradition of mystical interpretation of the Old Testament," from qibbel "to receive, admit, accept." Compare Arabic qabala "he received, accepted."

Elohim - a name of God in the Bible, c. 1600, from Hebrew, plural (of majesty?) of Eloh "God" (cognate with Allah), a word of unknown etymology, perhaps an augmentation of El "God," also of unknown origin. Generally taken as singular, the use of this word instead of Yahveh is taken by biblical scholars as an important clue to authorship in the Old Testament, hence Elohist (1862; Elohist is from 1841), title of the supposed writer of passages of the Pentateuch where the word is used.

Kabbalah (n.) - see [cabbala](#).

Hebrew (adj.) - late Old English, from Old French Ebreu, from Latin Hebraeus, from Greek Hebraios, from Aramaic 'ebhrai, corresponding to Hebrew 'ibhri "an Israelite." Traditionally from an ancestral name Eber, but probably literally "one from the other side," perhaps in reference to the River Euphrates, or perhaps simply signifying "immigrant;" from 'ebher "region on the other or opposite side." The initial H- was restored in English from 16c. As a noun from c. 1200, "the Hebrew language;" late 14c. in reference to persons, originally "a biblical Jew, Israelite."

Israelite (n.) - mid-14c., "one of the people of ancient Israel," from Latin israelita, from Greek Israelites, from Israel (see [Israel](#)). The Middle English adjective was Israelish (Old English Israelisc), sometimes Israelitish.

Israel - Old English, "the Jewish people, the Hebrew nation," from Latin Israel, from Greek, from Hebrew yisra'el "he that striveth with God" (Gen. xxxii.28), symbolic proper name conferred on Jacob and extended to his descendants, from sara "he fought, contended" + El "God." As the name of an independent Jewish state in the Middle East, it is attested from 1948. Compare Israeli, Israelite.

-ism - word-forming element making nouns implying a practice, system, doctrine, etc., from French -isme or directly from Latin -isma, -ismus (source also of Italian, Spanish -ismo, Dutch, German -ismus), from Greek -ismos, noun ending signifying the practice or teaching of a thing, from the stem of verbs in -izein, a verb-forming element denoting the doing of the noun or adjective to which it is attached. For distinction of use, see [-ity](#). The related Greek suffix -isma(t)- affects some forms.

-ist - word-forming element meaning "one who does or makes," also used to indicate adherence to a certain doctrine or custom, from French -iste and directly from Latin -ista (source also of Spanish, Portuguese, Italian -ista), from Greek agent-noun ending -istes, which is from -is-, ending of the stem of verbs in -izein, + agential suffix -tes.

Jah (n.) - 1530s, a form of Hebrew Yah, short for Yahweh "Jehovah." Used in some English bibles. Cognate with the second element in hallelujah and in Elijah.

Jehovah - 1530, Tyndale's erroneous transliteration of Hebrew Tetragramaton YHWH using vowel points of Adhonai "my lord" (see **Yahweh**). Used for YHWH (the full name being too sacred for utterance) in four places in the Old Testament in the KJV where the usual translation lord would have been inconvenient; taken as the principal and personal name of God.

Jew (n.) - late 12c. (in plural, giwis), from Anglo-French iuw, Old French giu, from Latin Iudaeum (nominative Iudaeus), from Greek Ioudaios, from Aramaic jehudhai (Hebrew y'hudi) "Jew," from Y'hudah "Judah," literally "celebrated," name of Jacob's fourth son and of the tribe descended from him. Replaced Old English Iudeas "the Jews." Originally, "Hebrew of the kingdom of Judah."

Judaism (n.) - c. 1400 (attested in Anglo-Latin from mid-13c.), from Old French Judaisme and directly from Late Latin Iudaismus (Tertullian), from Greek Ioudaismos, from Ioudaios "Jew" (see **Jew**). The Anglo-Latin reference is from a special tax levied on the Jews of England. Earlier in same sense was Juhede "Jewish faith, Judaism," literally "Jew-hood" (early 14c.).

Pentateuch - first five books of the Bible, c. 1400, from Late Latin pentateuchus (Tertullian, c.207), from Greek pentateukhos (c. 160), originally an adjective (abstracted from phrase pentateukhos biblos), from pente "five" (see five) + teukhos "implement, vessel, gear" (in Late Greek "book," via notion of "case for scrolls"), literally "anything produced," related to teukhein "to make ready," from PIE *dheugh- "to produce something of utility" (see **doughty**). Glossed in Old English as fifbec.

semi- before vowels sem-, word-forming element meaning "half, part, partly; partial, imperfect; twice," from Latin semi- "half," from PIE *semi- "half" (cognates: Sanskrit sami "half," Greek hemi- "half," Old English sam-, Gothic sami- "half").

Semite (n.) - 1847, "a Jew, Arab, Assyrian, or Aramaean" (an apparently isolated use from 1797 refers to the Semitic language group), back-formation from Semitic or else from French Sémite (1845), from Modern Latin Semita, from Late Latin Sem "Shem," one of the three sons of Noah (Gen. x:21-30), regarded as the ancestor of the Semites (in old Bible-based anthropology), from Hebrew Shem. In modern sense said to have been first used by German historian August Schlözer in 1781.

Semitism (n.) - 1848, "characteristic attributes of Semitic languages;" 1851, "characteristic attributes of Semitic people," from **Semite** + **-ism**. From 1870 as "Jewish influence in a society."

Sephardim - plural of Sephardi "a Spanish or Portuguese Jew" (1851), from Modern Hebrew Sepharaddim "Spaniards, Jews of Spain," from Sepharad, name of a country mentioned only in Obad. v:20, probably meaning "Asia Minor" or a part of it (Lydia, Phrygia), but identified by the rabbis after the Jonathan Targum as "Spain." Related: Sephardic.

Talmud (n.) - body of Jewish traditional ceremonial and civil law, 1530s, from late Hebrew talmud "instruction" (c. 130 C.E.), from lamadh "he learned." Related: Talmudic; Talmudist.

Torah (n.) - "the Pentateuch," 1570s, from Hebrew torah, literally "instruction, law," verbal noun from horah "he taught, showed."

Yahweh - 1869, hypothetical reconstruction of the tetragrammaton YHWH (see **Jehovah**), based on the assumption that the tetragrammaton is the imperfective of Hebrew verb hawah, earlier form of hayah "was," in the sense of "the one who is, the existing."

Zion - late Old English Sion, from Greek Seon, from Hebrew Tsiyon, name of a Canaanite hill fortress in Jerusalem captured by David and called in the Bible "City of David." It became the center of Jewish life and worship.

Zionism (n.) - "movement for forming (later supporting) a Jewish national state in Palestine," 1896, from German Zionismus (from Zion + Latin-derived suffix -ismus; see **-ism**); first recorded 1886 in "Selbstemancipation," by "Matthias Acher" (pseudonym of Nathan Birnbaum (1864-1937)).

Zionist - 1896 (adj. and noun), from Zion + -ist.

Zohar (n.) - Jewish mystical commentary on the Pentateuch, 1680s, Hebrew, literally "light, splendor."

General Dictionary

Mizrahi (*n. pl.* Miz-ra·him (mīz-rā'hēm)) - A descendant of those Jews who historically lived in the Middle East and North Africa before the arrival of Sephardic exiles from Spain and Portugal in the late 1400s. Most present-day Mizrahim live in Israel, Europe, and the United States. [**Modern Israeli Hebrew mizrāhī, eastern, Mizrahi** : Hebrew mizrāḥ, *place where the sun rises, the east* (from zārah, *to rise (of the sun)*); akin to Aramaic dnah, *to rise, shine*) + Hebrew -ī, *adj. suff.*]

Web Source: <http://www.thefreedictionary.com/Mizrahi+Jews>

References

Hebrew/Jewish Online Books

The Jewish Publication Society (*Quality Jewish Books for Over 125 Years*)

<https://jps.org/>

Bible & Hebrew References Books

The Other Bible

Willis Barnstone

Kabbalah

Gershow Scholem

Metaphysical Bible Dictionary

Charles Fillmore Reference Library

Gary Greenberg

<http://ggreenberg.tripod.com/ancientne/about.html>

Historical & Reference Books

Christianity Before Christ

John G. Jackson

https://books.google.com/books/about/Christianity_Before_Christ.html?id=7z_IAAAAMAAJ&hl=en

<http://www.amazon.com/Christianity-Before-Christ-John-Jackson/dp/0910309205>

The African Origin of Modern Judaism: From Hebrews to Jews by Jose V. Malcioln

<http://www.amazon.com/The-African-Origin-Modern-Judaism/dp/0865433720>

raceandhistory.com - Dr. Yosef A.A. ben-jochannan

http://www.raceandhistory.com/Historians/ben_jochannan.htm

Note: Excellent source of other books written by this esteem scholar.

The Secret Relationship Between Blacks and Jews: Historical Research Department of the Nation of Islam: 9780963687708: Amazon.com: Books

<http://www.amazon.com/Secret-Relationship-Between-Blacks-Jews/dp/0963687700>

The Destruction of Black Civilization

Chancellor Williams

The Valley of Dry Bones

Rudolph R. Winsor

The Black Presence in the Bible and the Table of Nations (Genesis 10:1-32)

Rev. Walter Arthur McCray

101 Myths of The Bible

Gary Greenberg

Historical Online Reference Books

SacredBible.org

<http://www.sacredbible.org/downloads.htm>

The Legends of the Jews

by Louis Ginzberg

[1909]

<http://www.sacred-texts.com/jud/loj/>

The Hebrew Heritage of Our West African Ancestors

by Steven Jacobs & Rudolph Winsor

<http://www.bjpa.org/publications/downloadFile.cfm?FileID=17218>

The Secret Relationship between Blacks and Jews (Highlights & Key Points)

<http://noirg.org/wp-content/uploads/2012/04/TSR.HighlightsKeyPoints1.pdf>

Restoration of Original Sacred Name Bible

<http://tyndalearchive.com/scriptures/snb.htm>

Web Sites Reference Links

A Brief History of the Hebrew Language - Hebrew for Christians

http://www.hebrew4christians.com/Grammar/Unit_One/History/history.html

Ancient Hebrew Research Center - Home Page

<http://www.ancient-hebrew.org/>

Ancient Scripts: Hebrew

<http://www.ancientscripts.com/hebrew.html>

Black Jews

<http://www.blackjews.org/>

Black Hebrew Israelites|Origins|Practices

<https://carm.org/black-hebrew-israelites>

African Hebrew Israelites - My Jewish Learning

<http://www.myjewishlearning.com/article/african-hebrew-israelites/>

Encyclopedia of Hebrew Language and Linguistics - Brill Reference

<http://referenceworks.brillonline.com/browse/encyclopedia-of-hebrew-language-and-linguistics>

JewishEncyclopedia.com

<http://www.jewishencyclopedia.com/>

Jewish Calendar, Hebrew Date Converter, Holidays – hebc.com

<http://www.hebc.com/>

The Hebrew Alphabet - Hebrew for Christians

http://www.hebrew4christians.com/Grammar/Unit_One/Aleph-Bet/aleph-bet.html

The Hebrew Alphabet

<http://www.bible-researcher.com/hebrew-alphabet.html>

Home | Jewish Virtual Library

<https://www.jewishvirtuallibrary.org/index.html>

The Talmud

<http://www.sacred-texts.com/jud/talmud.htm>

12 Tribes of Israel

(Introducing Dinah the 13th Tribe)

http://www.haneefandassoc.com/itsui/downloads/Itsui_Materials/12%20Tribes%20of%20Israel.pdf

Christianism.com

<http://www.christianism.com/>

Note: Excellent research & resource site.

Web Sites Links

History of Hebrew

http://www.bibliahebraica.com/the_language/history_of_hebrew.htm

Black Spirituality Religion : - The Hebrews were NOT *Black* or even *African*... | Black Community Discussion Forum

<https://destee.com/threads/the-hebrews-were-not-black-or-even-african.42213/>

Who are the Black Hebrews / Black Israelites?

<http://www.gotquestions.org/black-hebrews-israelites.html>

African Hebrew Israelites of Jerusalem | “Spirituality in Practice”

<http://africanhebrewisraelitesofjerusalem.com/>

The Africans Who Wrote The Bible: *Ancient Secrets Africa and Christianity Have Never Told*

http://www.stewartsynopsis.com/africans_wrote_the_bible.htm

Jews and the African World By John Henrik Clarke

<http://www.nbufront.org/MastersMuseums/JHClarke/ArticlesEssays/JewsAfricanWorld.html>

JUDAISM The origin and development of Judaism is traced in the Old Testament.

Moses was no...

<http://www.skepticfiles.org/xhate/othr01.htm>

Alkebulan (The Original Name of Africa)

<http://kemetichistoryofafrikabluelotus.blogspot.com/2010/03/alkebu-lan-land-of-blacks.html>

A Dissenting View" / Dr. John Henrik Clarke response to Henry Louis Gates' "Black Demagogues and Pseudo-Scholars": The Liberator Magazine

<http://weblog.liberatormagazine.com/2008/06/dissenting-view-by-john-henrik-clarke.html>

What is a Jew? Top Israeli scientist says Ashkenazi Jews came from Khazaria, not Palestine

<http://originalpeople.org/jew-top-israeli-scientist-ashkenazi-jews-khazaria-palestine/>

The Black Jewish or Hebrew Israelite Community | Jewish Virtual Library

<https://www.jewishvirtuallibrary.org/jsource/Judaism/blackjews.html>

What Is Kabbalah? - The Soul of Judaism – Essentials

http://www.chabad.org/library/article_cdo/aid/1567567/jewish/Kabbalah.htm

Kabbalah: An Overview | Jewish Virtual Library

<https://www.jewishvirtuallibrary.org/jsource/Judaism/kabbalah.html>

What Is Kabbalah? | kabbalah.info

http://www.kabbalah.info/engkab/what_is_kabbalah/what_is_kabbalah.htm

The Kabala

<http://www.jewishamerica.com/ja/timeline/kabala.cfm>

TALMUD - JewishEncyclopedia.com

<http://www.jewishencyclopedia.com/articles/14213-talmud>

Truth About the Talmud

<http://talmudical.blogspot.com/>

Ask Dr. Brown - What Is The Original Hebrew Name For Jesus? And Is It True That The Name Jesus Is Really A Pagan Corruption Of The Name Zeus?

<http://askdrbrown.org/portfolio/what-is-the-original-hebrew-name-for-jesus-and-is-it-true-that-the-name-jesus-is-really-a-pagan-corruption-of-the-name-zeus/>

What is Zionism? | True Torah Jews

<http://www.truetorahjews.org/whatiszionism>

5 Things You Should Know About The Zohar | kabbalah.info

<http://www.kabbalah.info/engkab/mystzohar.htm>

The Zohar | Jewish Virtual Library

<https://www.jewishvirtuallibrary.org/jsource/Judaism/Zohar.html>

109 Locations whence Jews have been Expelled since AD250

<http://www.biblebelievers.org.au/expelled.htm>

The Khazars, the new 'Black Pope' & the prophecies of Gog/Magog - Naomi Astral

<https://sites.google.com/site/naomiastral/beyond-3d/the-khazars-the-new-black-pope-the-prophecies-of-gog-magog>

Wilhelm Marr | Jewish Virtual Library

<http://www.jewishvirtuallibrary.org/jsource/biography/WilhelmMarr.html>

What is Antisemitism?

<http://astro.temple.edu/~hfreiden/Antisemitism/whatis.htm>

YouTube Links

Real Hebrew Israelites vs fake Jews – YouTube

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m7qrhF3Z1jo>

Dr John Henrik Clarke - Exactly Who or What is a Jew – YouTube

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Aeo2u-Y2pKY>

Christianity before Christ Dr. John Henrik Clarke – YouTube

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NvQidd-Mcsl>

Secret Relationship between Blacks and Jews -- (Uncensored History) - YouTube

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wYLR8B9pQqo>

Israelite Empires in Africa – YouTube

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fXG69mlzf84>

Khazar's Links

There has been much confusion regarding the word Jew or Jews and the origin of the name and its peoples. These links below are for those whom want to know more about the Jewish questions. The links are to “inlighten” (Illumination) those people as oppose to enlighten them to the full knowledge. Please be aware that some of these link may be disable or no longer working. I would advise you to perform a key word search on the name Khazar's for more in depth information.

- <http://www.khazaria.com/>
- <http://www.geocities.com/egfroth1/Khazars>
- <http://www.imninalu.net/Khazars.htm>
- <http://www.revisionisthistory.org/khazars.html>
- <http://www.sullivan-county.com/identity/khazars.htm>
- <http://www.fordham.edu/halsall/source/khazars1.html>
- <http://www.britam.org/khazars.html>
- <http://www.christusrex.org/www2/koestler/index.html>
- <http://www.geocities.com/ayatoles/>
- <http://www.biblestudysite.com/factsarefacts.htm>
- <http://www.answers.com/topic/khazars>
- <http://www.wzo.org.il/en/resources/view.asp?id=140>
- <http://www.haruth.com/jw/JewsKhazars.html>
- <http://www.turkiye.net/sota/karakhaz.htm>
- <http://www.apfn.org/THEWINDS/library/khazars.html>
 - The Best Info. on the Khazars based on the bible
- <http://truthtellers.org/alerts/Are-Jews-Really-Khazars.html>
- http://therebel.org/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=684424:are-jews-really-khazars&catid=128:religion&Itemid=1224&acm=733_652
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=shDGCaaQoMk>
 - Myths Of The Jews